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POLITICAL SCIENCE

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Time: 3 Hrs. M.M.: 100

General Instructions:-

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Question Nos. 1-5 are of 1 mark each. The answers to these questions should not exceed20 wordseach.
- 3. Question Nos. 6-10 are of 2 marks each. The answers to these questions should notexceed 40 wordseach.
- 4. Question Nos. 11-16 are of 4 marks each. The answers to these questions should notexceed 60-80 wordseach.
- 5. Question Nos. 17-21 are of 5 marks each.
- 6. Question Nos. 22-27 are of 6 marks each. The answers to these questions should notexceed 100-120 wordseach.

1.	Name any two provisions borrowed from American Constitution.	(1)
2.	State the provision of Bicameral Legislature.	(1)
3.	Name the current Chief Election Commissioner of India.	(1)
4.	State the provision of preventive detention?	(1)
5.	What is an Executive?	(1)
6.	How is Lok Sabha powerful than Rajya Sabha?	(2)
7.	List the functions of Executive in a parliamentary democracy.	(2)
8.	What are the powers of Election Commission?	(2)
9.	Mention any two discretionary powers of President.	(2)
10.	What is PR system of representation?	(2)
11.	Which rights were Machal Lalung denied?	(4)
12.	Discuss in detail the various kinds of Executive.	(4)
13.	Discuss the problems faced by Nepal to create a new Constitution.	(4)
14.	Why did India adopt FPTP system?	(4)
15.	How does Parliament regulate itself?	(4)
16.	Discuss Right to Constitutional Remedies in detail.	(4)
17.	View the cartoon carefully and answer the questions:	(1+4=5)

- a) Which problem is being highlighted in the following picture?
- b) Suggest any four reforms to curb mal practices during elections in India.



18. View the picture and answer the questions that follow: (1+2+2=5)



a) least in the www.ncerthelp.com For Video lectures of all subjects Class 9 to 12

b) What is the power of ratification?

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- c) When CBSE sample papers, Question papers, Notes for Class 6 to 12
- © www.ncert/lelpthofqnstitution of India was written, India already had some experience of running the parliamentary system under the Acts of 1919 and 1935. This experience had shown that in the parliamentary system, the executive can be effectively controlled by the representatives of the people. The makers of the Indian Constitution wanted to ensure that the government would be sensitive to public expectations and would be responsible and accountable.
 - a) What was the other alternative available to India?

ncert Held. Read the following extract & answer the following questions:-

- b) Discuss the position of President in India.
- 20. Read the passage and answer the questions that follow: (2+3=5) 'A right is essentially an entitlement or a justified claim. It denotes what we are entitled to as citizens, as individuals and as human beings. It is something that we consider to be due to us; something that the rest of society must recognize as being a legitimate claim that must be upheld.'
- a. Why do we need rights?
- b. What do the Directive Principles contain?
- 21. View the cartoon carefully and answer the questions that follow:

(2+1+2=5)

(1+4=5)



- a) What do these different people stand for?
- b) Which is the event being highlighted in the above cartoon?
- c) What is the present condition of the nation being highlighted?
- 22. Discuss the functions of the Parliament in India.

(6)

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Discuss in detail any three instruments of Parliamentary control.

(6)

23. Discuss the various Election Systems that are operative in India. Which in your opinion suits India and why? (4+2=6)

OR

Discuss the system of electing the President of India.

24. What is a Constitution? Why do we need it?

(6)

OR

Discuss the factors that make Indian Constitution effective.

25. "Indian bureaucracy today is an enormously complex system." Explain.

OR

Discuss the various Kinds of Executive.

26. How does a bill become a Law?

OR

What is the role of Parliamentary Committees in making a Law?

27. Discuss the relationship shared between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles. (6)

Explain any three categories of Fundamental Rights in the Indian Constitution with their articles? Please Visit www.ncerthelp.com For Video lectures of all subjects Class 9 to 12



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				BLUE	PRIN	Т		CLASS 11								
			EASY					AVERAGE					DIFFICULT			Total
Chapter	1	2	4	5	6	1	2	4	5	6	1	2	4	5	6	
Book 1																
Philosophy of the Indian																
Constitution	1		13						21	24						16
Rights				20		4		16		27			11			20
Election	3	10					8	14	17	23						20
Executive						5	9	12	19	25		6				20
Legislature	2				22				18			7	15		26	24
							2									
EASY	20		1	X.												
AVERAGE	60															
DIFFICULT	20								1							
Very Very short answer	5*1=5	0	10			2	4	Pal	20							
Very short answer	5*2=10	7				V		very								
short answer	6*4=24		V	n				rt	1	0		ľ) (m
long answer (passages)	3*5=15															
long answer (map & cartoons)	2*5=10															
long answers	6*6=36															